Manufacturer : Anshan Ke	fat Electronic Ceramic Te	chnical Co.,Ltd. N	lo:	
Approval Sheet for Product Specification				
Customer:				
Customer.				
Product: Lead type	High frequency C	eramic capacito	rs of Medium and	
high voltage				
PART No.:				
Mfr. P/N:				
Date: 年 月	目			
Manuf	acturer	Custome	er Confirm	
Prepared by	薛志豪	合格 OK □ 不合格 NG □		

Manufacturer		Customer	Confirm
Prepared by	薛志豪	合格 OK □ 不合格 NG □	
Checked by	于金龙	Checked by	
Approved by	范垂旭	Approved by	

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		Revision History	·	
Edition	Date	Contents of formulation / modification /	Formulation	Approval
	2 3.33	repeal		,
Α		New edition released	薛志豪	于金龙
J				



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■ Features

- High breakdown strength
- Operating temperature range -25~+125 °C
- Coated with flame-retardant epoxy resin (conforming to UL94V-0 standard).
- DC1KV~6KV Rated Voltage item are available.
- Bulk or taping product can be available.

■ Application

Ideal for use as the ballast in back lighting inverters for liquid crystal display.

Ideal for use on high frequency pulse circuits such as a horizontal resonance circuit for CTV and snubber circuits for switching power supplies.

■ Part Number Designation

CC81 - 1KV - SL - 220 J a 5 T

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

1Type

Code	Type Designation
CC81	Class I High-Voltage

③Temperature Characteristic

GB	EIA	Temp. range	Cap. Change
S	SL	+25∼+85℃	+350∼−1000ppm/°C

⑤Tolerance

Code	Tolerance
J	$\pm5\%$
К	±10%

7Lead Space

Code	Lead Space
5	5.0 ± 0.5mm
7.5	7.5 ± 0.5mm

2 Rated Voltage

Code	Rated Vol. (DC)
1KV	1000V
3KV	3000V

4 Capacitance

Code	Capacitance
220	22 pF
101	100 pF

6Lead Shape

Code	Shape	
а	In-kink	
k	Out-kink	

®Package

Code	Shape
Т	Taping



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■ Appearance and Structure

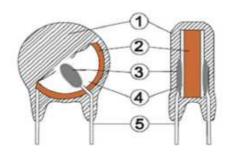
	earance and Structure						
CODE	CODE NO.	D _{max}	T _{max}	L	F	d	STYLE
		(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	
	CC81-1KV-SL-020~101K a**	See spe	cific s	pecific	cation	0.5	a 式 Imax.
	CC81-2KV-SL-020~221K a**	See spe	cific s _l	pecific	cation	0.6	
	CC81-3KV-SL-020~151K a**	See spe	cific s	pecific	cation	0.6	
	CC81-6KV-SL-020~101K a**	See specific specification			cation	0.6	k 式
							Dma.x.

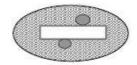
■ Marking



- ① Temperature Characteristic
- 2 Rated Capacitance
- ③ Tolerance of Capacitance
- 4 Rated Voltage

■ Structure



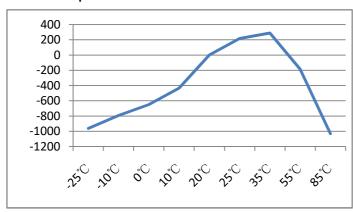


- ① Coating: Epoxy Resin
 ②Dielectric: Ceramic
- ③Electrode: Silver or Copper
- 4Solder : Alloy Tin
- ⑤Lead wire: CP Lead

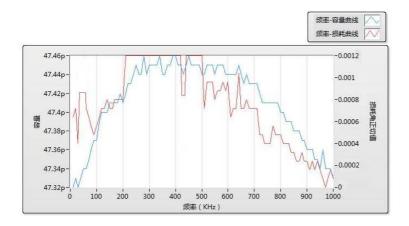


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■ Temperature Characteristic Curve



■ Cap. & D.F.—Fre. Curve





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■ Specification and Test Method

I	tem	Spe	cifications	Test Method		
1. Storage	e Temp. Range	−40°C∼+85°C				
2. Operati	2 . Operating Temp. Range					
3. Appeara	nce and	Appearance has	no marked defect	Appearance be watched on sight		
dimension		Dimensions sh	ould be within	Dimension be measured by caliper		
		specified tolerar				
4. Mark	ing	Should be disce	rned easily	Be watched on sight		
5. Capa	citance	Within specified	tolerance	Temp. 20°C±2°C,		
6. Dissipa	tion Factor(D.F.)	0.15%max.		Vol. 1.0±0.2V		
7 Insulation	Resistance(I.R.)	10000M Ω min.		Freq. 1±0.2MHz, The insulation resistance should be measured with		
Insulation	Resistance(I.R.)	TOOOOW 32 TIME.				
0	D	N. C.I		500±50VDC within 60±5sec of charging Apply a voltage of 1.5U _R +500V DC for 1 to 5 sec. between		
8	Between Lead	No failure		the lead Wires.(Charge/discharge current≤50mA)		
Dielectric	Wires					
Strength	Body	No failure		First, the terminals of the capacitor should be connected		
	Insulation			together. Then, as shown in		
				figure at right, a metal foil body		
				of the capacitor to the distance of about 3 to 4mm from each		
				terminal. Then, the capacitor		
				should be inserted into a container filled with metal balls of about 1mm diameter.		
				Finally, apply a voltage of 1.3KV DC for 1 to 5 sec. Between		
				the capacitor lead wires and metal balls.		
9. Temp.	Char.	2.		The capacitance should be measured at each step as below		
		Char.	Capacitance Change	table.		
		SL	+350~-1000ppm/℃	Step 1 2 3 4 5		
			(+20∼+85°C)	Temp.(°C) 20±2 -25±2 20±2 85±2 20±2		
10	Appearance	No marked defe	ct	The capacitor should be		
Vibration	Capacitance	Within specified	tolerance	firmly soldered to the		
Resistanc	Change	0.2%max.		supporting lead wire and		
е				vibrated at a frequency range		
	Dissipation			of 10 to 55Hz. 1.5mm in total		
	Factor(D.F.)/			amplitude. With about a 1 minute rate of vibration change		
	Q			from 10Hz to 55Hz and back to 10Hz.Apply for a total of 6		
				hrs. 2hrs .each in 3 mutually perpendicular directions.		
	I .			1		



Factor(D.F.)/Q

I.R.

Dielectric

Strength

SL

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oltage					Α	8	
Ite	m	S	Specifications		Test Method		
11. Strength of	Tensile		a t		capacitor and apply adually to each lead rection of capacitor of for 10±1sec.	M ∐ ((###())	
Lead wires	Bending	broken.	tor should not be	90° bend, at the pooriginal position,	ould be subjected to 5N weight and then a point of egress ,in one direction return to n, and then a 90° bend in the opposite		
12. Solder ab	ility	Lead wire should be soldered With uniformly coated on the axial direction over 90% of the circumferential direction		direction at the rate of one bend in 2 to 3s for 2 times The lead wires of the capacitor should be dipped into alcohol Solution of 25% wt rosin and then into molten solo of 245°C within 2.0sec.In both case the depth of dipping up to about 2.0 to 2.5mm from the root of the lead wires			
	Appearance	No marked		The lead wires should be immersed Thermal Capacitor			
13. Soldering	Capacitance Change	Within spec	cified tolerance	in solder of 260±10	±10°C up to 1.5 to		
Effect	I.R.		$1000M \Omega \min$	for 3+1/-0sec.			
	Dielectric Strength		Per Item 8.				
	Appearance	No marked	defect				
14. Humidity	Capacitance Change	Char. SL	Capacitance Change ±5% or ±0.5pF (whichever is larger)	90-95% RH. Pre-treatment: The	r for $500+24/-0$ hours at $40\pm2^{\circ}$ e capacitor should be placed at 85		
(under Steady State)	Dissipation	Char.	Specifications	for 1 hour, then, plant before initial measu	aced at room conditions rement.	on tor 24±2 hou	
State/	Factor(D.F.)/Q	SL	≪0.3%	Post-treatment: C	apacitors should be	stored for 24±	
	I.R.		4000MΩ min	hours at room cond	dition.		
	Dielectric Strength		Per Item 8.				
	Appearance	无显著异常	÷	Apply a DC voltage (Charge/discharge	of 1.5U _R for 1000h a	at 125°C	
Capacitance Change Char. Capacitance Change Deform the control of the control		Pre-treatment: The capacitor should be placed for 1 hour, then, placed at room condition for 2 before initial measurement.		on for 24±2 hou			
16. 寿命试验	Dissipation	Char.	(whichever is larger) Specifications	hours at room cond	apacitors should be dition.	stored for 24±	

≪0.3%

 $2000M\,\Omega\,\text{ min}$

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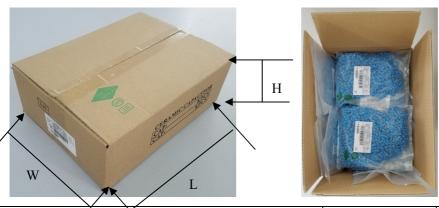
Package

Bulk

packing bag



Inner package

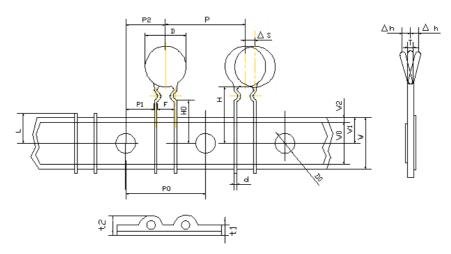


/	Dimension: mm		MOQ	Inner package quantity
L±10	W±5	H±5	(Kpcs)	(Kpcs)
330	240	120	1 (短脚)	
			0.5 (长脚)	



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Taping



符号	尺寸(mm)	符号	尺寸(mm)
Р0	12.7 \pm 0.2	W2	3.0max.
P	12.7 \pm 1.0	t1	0.6 ± 0.3
F	5 ± 0.3	t2	1.5max.
P1	3.85 ± 0.5	D	7.0max.
P2	6. 35 ± 1.0	DO	4 ± 0.1
НО	16. 5 ± 0.5	d	0.55 ± 0.05
Н	18.0 ± 1.0	L	11max.
W	18.0 ± 0.5	T	4.0max.
WO	10.0 ± 1.0	ΔS	0 ± 1.0
W1	9.0+0	∆h	± 0.8 max.

Product Label



No.	Description	No.	Description
1	Code Number	5	Remark
2	ITEM	6	Check
3	SPEC	7	Produce Date
4	Quantity	8	Batch



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■ Caution (Rating)

1. Operating Voltage

When DC-rated capacitors are to be used in AC or ripple current circuits, be sure to maintain the V p-p value of the applied voltage or the Vo-p that contains DC bias within the rated voltage range.

When the voltage is applied to the circuit, starting or stopping may generate irregular voltage for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use a capacitor with a rated voltage range that includes these irregular voltages.

Voltage	DC Voltage	DC+AC Voltage	AC Voltage	Pulse Voltage (1)	Pulse Voltage (2)
Positional Measurement	Vu-p	Vo-p	Vp-p	Vp-p	Vp-p

2. Operating Temperature and Self-generated Heat

Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself. When the capacitor is used in a high-frequency current, pulse current or similar current, it may have self-generated heat due to dielectric loss. Applied voltage load should be such that self-generated heat is within 20°C under the condition where the capacitor is subjected to an atmospheric temperature of 25°C . When measuring, use a thermocouple of small thermal capacity-K of Φ 0.1mm under conditions where the capacitor is not affected by radiant heat from other components or wind from surroundings. Excessive heat may lead to deterioration of the capacitor's characteristics and reliability. (Never attempt to perform measurement with the cooling fan running. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be ensured.)

3. Test Condition for Withstanding Voltage

(1) Test Equipment

Test equipment for AC withstanding voltage should be used with the performance of the wave similar to 50/60Hz sine wave.

If the distorted sine wave or overload exceeding the specified voltage value is applied, a defect may be caused.

(2) Voltage Applied Method

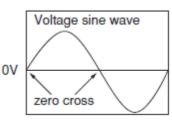
When the withstanding voltage is applied, the capacitor's lead or terminal should be firmly connected to the output of the withstanding voltage test equipment, and then the voltage should be raised from near zero to the test voltage.



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If the test voltage without the raise from near zero voltage would be applied directly to capacitor, test voltage should be applied with the zero cross.* At the end of the test time, the test voltage should be reduced to near zero, and then capacitor's lead or terminal should be taken off the output of the withstanding voltage test equipment. If the test voltage without the raise from near zero voltage would be applied directly to capacitor, the surge voltage may rise, and therefore, a defect may be caused.

*ZERO CROSS is the point where voltage sine wave passes 0V. See the figure at below.



4. Fail-Safe

When the capacitor is broken, failure may result in a short circuit. Be sure to provide an appropriate fail—safe function like a fuse on your product if failure could result in an electric shock, fire or fuming.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHORT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.

Caution (Storage and Operating Condition)

The insulating Epoxy molded capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture. Before cleaning, bonding or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect produce quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed -40 to 85 degrees centigrade and 15 to 85%. Use capacitors within 6 months after delivery.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHOCT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.

Caution (Soldering, Mounting and Handing)

1. Vibration and Impact

Do not expose a capacitor or its pins to excessive shock or vibration during use.

Excessive shock or vibration may cause fatigue destruction of lead wires mounted on the circuit board.

Please take measures to hold a capacitor on the circuit boards by adhesive, molding resin or another coating.

Please confirm there is no influence of holding measures on the product with the intended equipment.



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2. Soldering

When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specifications of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

Soldering the capacitor with a soldering iron should be performed in the following conditions.

Temperature of iron-tip: 400 degrees C. max.

Soldering iron wattage: 50W max. Soldering time: 3.5 sec. max.

3. Bonding, Resin Molding and Coating

Before bonding, molding or coating this product, verify that these processes do not affect the quality of capacitor by testing the performance of the bonded, molded or coated product in the intended equipment.

In case the amount of applications, dryness/hardening conditions of adhesives and molding resins containing organic solvents (ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, etc.) are unsuitable, the outer coating resin of a capacitor is damaged by the organic solvents and it may result, worst case, in a short circuit.

The variation in thickness of adhesive, molding resin or coating may cause outer coating resin cracking and/or ceramic element cracking of a capacitor in a temperature cycling.

4. Treatment after Bonding, Resin Molding and Coating

When the outer coating is hot (over 100 degrees C.) after soldering, it becomes soft and fragile. Therefore, please be careful not to give it mechanical stress.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE ABOVE CAUTIONS MAY RESULT, WORST CASE, IN A SHOCT CIRCUIT AND CAUSE FUMING OR PARTIAL DISPERSION WHEN THE PRODUCT IS USED.

Notice (Soldering and Mounting)

Cleaning (ultrasonic cleaning)

To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions.

Rinse bath capacity: Output of 20 watts per liter or less. Rinsing time: 5 min. max.

Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly. Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the pins.

Notice (Rating)

- 1. Capacitance Change of Capacitors
- (1) For CH/SL/DL char.

Capacitance might change a little depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage.

Please contact us if you use a strict constant time circuit.



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2. Performance Check by Equipment		

Before using a capacitor, check that there is no problem in the equipment's performance and the specifications. Generally speaking, CLASS 2 (B/E char.) ceramic capacitors have voltage dependence characteristics and temperature dependence characteristics in capacitance, so the capacitance value may change depending on the operating condition in the equipment. Therefore, be sure to confirm the apparatus performance of receiving influence in the capacitance value change of a capacitor, such as leakage current and noise suppression characteristic. Moreover, check the surge-proof ability of a capacitor in the equipment, if needed, because the surge voltage may exceed specific value by the inductance of the circuit.